

# Machine Learning 2007

## (Home work 2)

June 29, 2007

- Due on Wednesday, July 20, before 4 p.m.
- Late submissions will not be accepted.
- Submit hard copy of the results, plots and your workings
- Submit a printed copy of the codes also.
- You may save time if you use MATLAB for the computations and plots.
- Please do not hesitate to contact me if you do not understand the problems.

### 1. [10 +15 points] K-Means Algorithm

- (a) In the course website you will find four files named, band1.irs, band2.irs, band3.irs and band4.irs. Download these files. These files contain a satellite image of Kolkata in 4 different bands. Use the k-means algorithm to cluster this data into 2, 4 and 6 clusters. Display the clusters suitably.
- (b) Download the file lena.pgm from the course website. This file contains a gray level picture of size  $256 \times 256$ . Our objective here is to compress this image using the k-means algorithm. Break this image into  $4 \times 4$  blocks and consider these blocks as your data. Cluster this data into  $k$  clusters. Now, for each block  $b_i$ , replace the block  $b_i$  by the mean of the cluster in which  $b_i$  belong. Do this for  $k = 100, 50$  and  $10$ . Display the corresponding images. Comment on the amount of compression achieved in each case.

### 2. [10 + 15 points] Multilayer Perceptrons

- (a) In the class we considered training an MLP using an error function for data  $\mathbf{x}^{(i)}$  of the form:

$$E(\mathbf{x}^{(i)}) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^K (y_k^{(i)} - z_k)^2,$$

where  $z_k$  represents the output of the  $k^{th}$  output node. This error function is called the sum of square error function. Instead of the sum of square error cost function consider the cross entropy function given by

$$E(\mathbf{x}^{(i)}) = \sum_{k=1}^K \ln \frac{y_k^{(i)}}{z_k}.$$

Find the update equation for the two sets of weights (input to hidden layer and hidden to output layer) using the above cost function.

- (b) Write a program to implement an MLP with one hidden layer using the above error function. Train the network with `trgIris.dat` (the same data you used in homework 1). Do a 10 fold cross validation on the data. Repeat the experiment 10 times with different initializations and report the mean and standard deviation of the error.

### 3. [10 + 15 points] Radial Basis Function Networks

- (a) Derive the update equation of the weights from the hidden to output layer of a radial basis function network considering the mean and spread of the hidden nodes fixed.
- (b) Implement a radial basis function network. Use the k-means algorithm to fix the centers of the hidden nodes. Apply the method discussed in class to find the spreads. Train the network with `trgIris.dat` (the same data you used in homework 1). Do a 10 fold cross validation on the data. Repeat the experiment 10 times with different initializations and report the mean and standard deviation of the error.